## Abstract

Topology & Topological Space

Let X be a nonempty set and  $\tau$  be a family of subsets of X (i.e., IP(X). We say  $\tau$  is tipology on X if satisfy the following conditions:

(1) X,  $\phi \in \tau$ (2) If  $\cup$ , V  $\in \tau$ , then  $\cup \cap$  V  $\in \tau$ 

The finite intersection of elements form  $\tau$  is again an element of  $\tau$ .

(3) If  $\bigcup_a \epsilon \tau$ ; a  $\epsilon$  A, then  $\bigcup_{a \in A} \bigcup_a \epsilon \tau \quad \forall a \in A$ 

The arbitrary (finite or infinite) untion of elements of  $\tau$  is again element of  $\tau$  .

We called a pair  $(X, \tau)$  topological space.